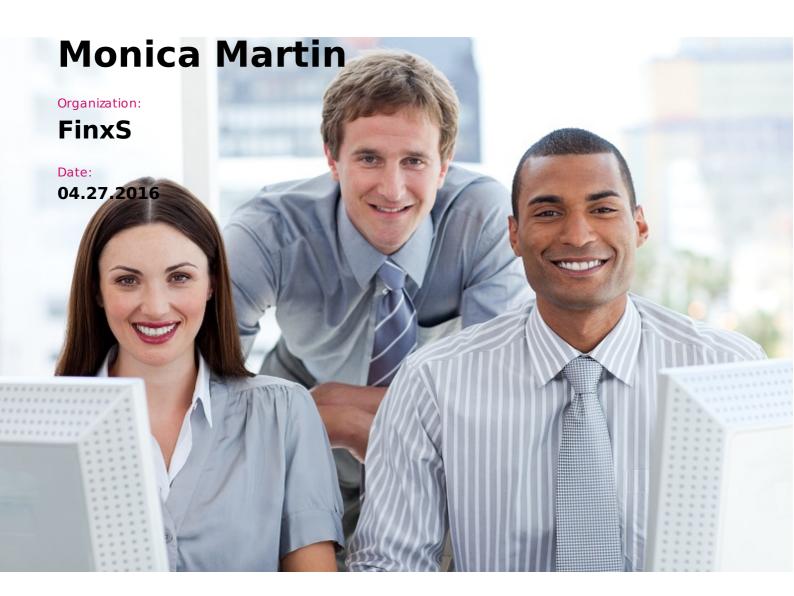
This assessment is based on the responses given in the Extended DISC® Individual Assessment Questionnaire. This assessment should not be the sole criterion for making decisions about oneself. The purpose of this assessment is to provide supporting information for the respondent in self-development.





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Introduction to Your Customer Service Assessment

Monica, you have undoubtedly realized that your success is determined in a very large part by how well you interact with other people. Your ability to effectively relate, communicate, influence and motivate others is a crucial skill in succeeding in your profession and creating successful, long-term relationships with customers, prospects, colleagues, subordinates, managers, friends and family members.

You have probably noticed it is very easy to get along with certain people. You almost instantly and effortlessly understand the other person. The communication just flows. It is a lot more than just mutual understanding of what is being said. It is as if the person sees you and the rest of the world in very similar terms. When it happens, everything is easier. Think about the last time it happened. Wasn't it effortless and uncomplicated?

Unfortunately, with most people interactions take more effort. They do not flow as easily. You cannot quite understand where the other person is coming from, what they really want, and what their intentions are. You may also have an uncomfortable feeling the other person is experiencing the same. You know the outcomes of the interaction are not quite what you want. You are likely to feel disappointed, frustrated and even tired. It takes energy, effort and concentration. Still, the results are not what you hoped they would be.

In these situations you probably feel there is something you could do, but are not quite sure what that is. You know your end goal – your destination – but are not sure how to get there. It is like being lost without a map.

Monica, this Extended DISC® Customer Service Assessment will provide you with the map to more successful interactions with others. You will learn:

- 1. The four main human behavioral styles.
- 2. Who you are and how others perceive you.
- 3. How to read other people and better understand them.
- 4. How to adjust your communication style to achieve your goals.

Very Brief Background of the Extended DISC® Model

The Extended DISC® System is based on behavioral theories that have been used for over 90 years. The power of this model is that it is easy to learn, understand, and use because it identifies only four behavioral styles of individuals.

People can be divided in four main styles by identifying if they are more:

- 1. People- or Task-oriented.
- 2. Reserved or Active.

The resulting four styles are called:

D-style (Dominance)

I-style (Influence)

S-style (Steadiness)

C-style (Conscientiousness)



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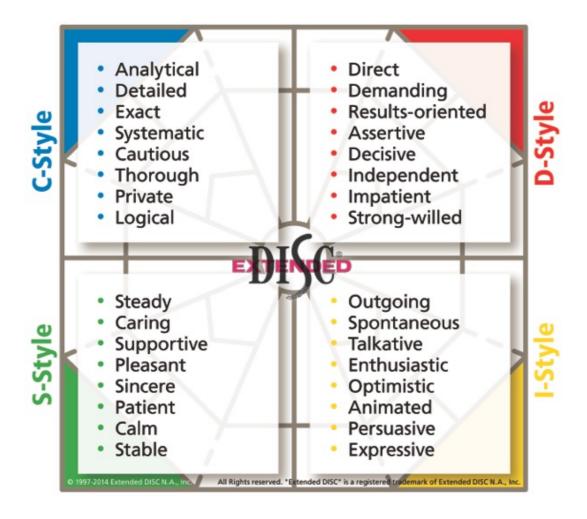
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The DISC Behavioral Styles - The Key points:

In the following pages you will learn about the four DISC-styles. As you get comfortable with their own unique traits and tendencies, please keep the following important points in mind:

- None of the styles are better or worse.
- All styles have strengths and development areas. They just happen to be different.
- Your style does not limit what you can accomplish or how successful we can be. It simply predicts how you tend to do things.
- You can find all of the four styles represented by very successful people. However, the most successful people know who they are. They modify their style appropriately with different styles of people and in different situations.





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Your Customer Service Profiles

The Profiles are a visual representation of your behavioral style. They are based on your responses to the questionnaire. There are no right or wrong answers.

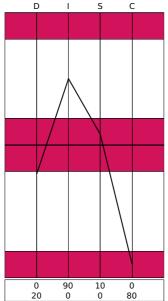
Profile I: Perceived Need to Adjust - Your adjusted style shows how you perceive you must adjust your Natural Style (Profile II) to meet the demands of your present environment. This will change over time as your environment varies.

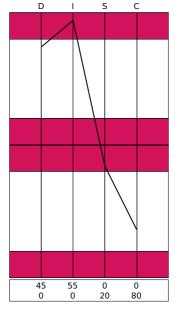
Profile II: Natural Style - Your natural style remains fairly stable, but not rigid, over your adult life. It is the style that is most comfortable to you and uses the least energy. Most individuals are a combination of styles.

The styles (D, I, S, and C) that are above the middle line (=top half of the Profile II) are your natural styles. The styles that show below the middle line means that they require more energy from you.

Your Profile I and II

Profile I - Perceived Need to Adjust Profile II - Natural Style







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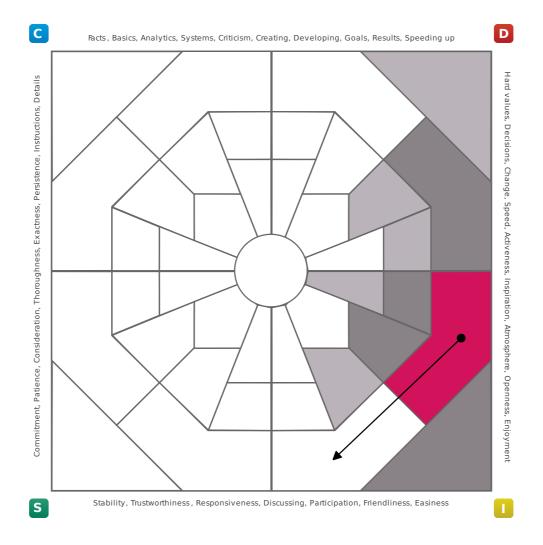
Your Comfort Areas

The Extended DISC® Diamond is divided into four quadrants: D, I, S and C.

The DISC quadrant(s) that have **shading** represent your DISC **comfort areas** or your natural style.

The DISC quadrant(s) that have **no shading** represent DISC styles **requiring more energy** from you.

The arrow demonstrates how you **perceive** you need to modify your behavior in the present environment.





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You at a Glance

This page is a description of how others are likely to perceive you. In other words, while the text describes your typical behavior as seen by others, you certainly can modify your behavior to fit the needs of a particular situation and/or individual(s). Also, you may have already addressed the development areas by learning new skills.

Your DISC style is: ID (I - 55%, D - 45%)

How Others May Perceive You:

Extroverted, sociable, independent, active, busy, stubborn, strong-willed, freedom-loving, demanding, direct, ambitious, competitive, inspiring.

How Others May Perceive Your Communication Style:

She is often considered a pleasant conversationalist, although Monica may not bother to listen to the answers to her questions. She looks for ways to control people in ways they are not aware of. She is not necessarily a balanced communicator since she usually has a goal which she wants to achieve by influencing people.

How Others May Perceive Your Decision-making:

Sometimes her will to make decisions and know about things is too powerful. She does not give a word to people who could express different viewpoints. She is also very fast, thus superficial, in making decisions.

Your Strengths:

- · Keeps up a positive spirit
- Encourages, motivates and excites people
- Can continuously be in contact with people
- Gets things started
- Is willing to accept change
- Can always invent something new
- Wants to get people involved without force
- · Dares to take positive risks
- Creates new ideas and breaks traditions
- Doesn't give in to pessimists
- Has lots of energy
- Doesn't wait if the road is open

"Knowing yourself is the beginning of all wisdom."

- Aristotle



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Your Motivators

You tend to like and feel comfortable with these items. Are you taking advantage of comfort areas?

Monica is motivated by diverse human contacts, opportunities to work with people, independent work and variety in time, places, tasks and people. This person has a special natural gift and desire to meet people.

You are more likely to respond positively and feel energized if these factors are present in your work environment.

- Open and free atmosphere
- Possibility to move freely
- · Variety and changes
- Possibility to do things her own way
- Freedom from all restrictions and chains
- Nice friends
- Possibility to control her own life
- Feeling of freedom
- Being popular and liked by others
- Challenges and opportunities
- Rapidly changing situations
- Possibility to work with own ideas

1					
2					
How can	you increase	their effect	on your perf	ormance? Be s	specific.

Identify two Motivators that are being fulfilled in your current position.



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Situations that Reduce Your Motivation

All of us face situations on a daily basis that we do not like much and tend to drain our energy levels. The items below are likely to decrease your motivation and require more energy from you.

- Duties fully designed beforehand
- Being alone
- Making routines
- Duties requiring attention to details
- Rules and chains
- Being a trivial person
- People who don't pay attention to her
- People who oppose and slow things down
- Losing people's attention
- · Cannot control her own life
- Pessimists
- Teams not allowing others to join them

challenge in your current position.

Carefully consider *Situations that Reduce Your Motivation*. Be aware of their impact on making your goals a reality. Are you prone to procrastinate with situations/tasks that correspond to items listed above?

1					
2					
How can you d	lacrosca tha	ir offect on	vour norfor	manco? Bo	specific
How can you o	lecrease the	ir effect on	your perfor	mance? Be	specific.
How can you o	lecrease the	ir effect on	your perfor	mance? Be	specific.
How can you o	lecrease the	ir effect on	your perfor	mance? Be	specific.
How can you o	lecrease the	ir effect on	your perfor	mance? Be	specific.
How can you c	lecrease the	ir effect on	your perfor	mance? Be	specific.

Identify two Situations that Reduce Your Motivation that create the greatest



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Your Strengths

Strengths are items that tend to be easier, more natural and require less energy from you.

- Keeps up a positive spirit
- Encourages, motivates and excites people
- Can continuously be in contact with people
- · Gets things started
- Is willing to accept change
- · Can always invent something new
- Wants to get people involved without force
- Dares to take positive risks
- · Creates new ideas and breaks traditions
- Doesn't give in to pessimists
- Has lots of energy
- Doesn't wait if the road is open

Most of us tend to overlook our strengths, even taking them for granted. Do not let that happen to you. Instead, consider the items listed above and think how well you are taking advantage of these valuable behavioral traits. Please use caution however; remember that an overused strength very often becomes a weakness and a serious liability to our performance.

Identify t	two <i>Strengti</i>	hs that you o	can capital	ize upon in	your curren	t position.
1						
How can	you maxim	ize the impa	ct of your	Strengths?	Be specific.	



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Reactions to Pressure Situations

These are NOT descriptions of your weaknesses or present behavior. They are items that you should be cautious about since these reactions in pressure situations may become more evident. Understanding how you react to pressure situations can make it easier to deal with them.

- Overemphasizes atmosphere and people
- Tries to change too much
- Makes changes without consulting others
- Jumps from one thing to another
- Boring assignments will be delayed
- Acts too quickly and spontaneously
- Manipulates people
- Can't get rid of obsessions
- Does not really have the patience to listen
- Too optimistic and gets excited too easily
- Makes mistakes by not being thorough
- · Cannot stay still or be at one place





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Your Communication Style

We all have our own unique communication style. When we become aware of how we tend to communicate with others, it becomes easier to make conscious modifications to our style. These modifications improve our effectiveness with others.

Interpreting the bar graphs is simple:

The **rectangles to the right side** of the graph identify your preferred communication styles. Be conscious not to overuse them.

The **rectangles to the left side** of the graph identify communication styles requiring more energy from you. You **CAN** communicate this way, but it may require more energy and concentration.

1	Not N	atura	al to \	our/	Style		Nat	ural t	to yo	ur St	yle
Active listening, paying attention to understanding everything:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Active sharing of factual information:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Active sharing of positive information:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Clear and fact-based communication:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Communicating in a compelling and positive way:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Considerate and careful communication:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Detailed and logical communication:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Direct, goal focused communication:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Empathic, positive, understanding:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Encouraging, participating, involving communication:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Facts-based, goal-oriented and direct:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Goal oriented motivation and influencing:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Inspiring and motivating influencing of people:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Repetitive talking about the same topic:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Positive, lively and inspiring communication:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Strong goal-oriented influencing of people:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Thoughtful, fact-based communicator:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Very systematic and focused on the exact topic in hand:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5



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How Others View Your Communication Style

Your message and your communication style comes across differently to different people. While you cannot control others, you can be more aware of your natural communication style and how it is perceived by others. Then you can make the necessary adjustments in your interactions with others.

This is how others may perceive your communication style.

She is often considered a pleasant conversationalist, although Monica may not bother to listen to the answers to her questions. She looks for ways to control people in ways they are not aware of. She is not necessarily a balanced communicator since she usually has a goal which she wants to achieve by influencing people.

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entify an aspection	ct of your co	ommunicatio your currer	on style that nt position?	is the least What can yo	comfortable u do to impr	for y
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Your Decision-Making Style

There is no best style for making decisions. However, we all have our own most comfortable way of decision-making. Successful people are aware of their preferred style and make conscious adjustments based on the requirements of each unique situation. Listed in the bar graphs below are a few of the most commonly requested decision-making traits.

Interpreting the bar graphs is simple:

The **rectangles to the right side** of the graph identify your preferred decision-making styles. Be conscious not to overuse them.

The **rectangles to the left side** of the graph identify decision-making style requiring more energy from you. You CAN make decisions this way as long as you concentrate more.

	Not N	latur	al to	Your	Style	9	Nat	ural	to yo	our St	yle
Checking every detail when making decisions under pressure:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making well thought out decisions based on security:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making well thought out decisions based on detailed analysis:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making courageous and risky decisions when under pressure:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making fast decisions based on achieving goals:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making overly cautious decisions when under pressure:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making spontaneous decisions based on intuition:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making sudden and emotional decisions when under pressure:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5

"It is understanding that gives us the ability to have peace. When we understand the other fellow's viewpoint, and he understands ours, then we can sit down and work out our differences."

Harry S. Truman



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How Others View your Decision-Making Style

No matter what you do, others will have their own perceptions of your behavior.

This is how your decision-making style may come across to others.

Sometimes her will to make decisions and know about things is too powerful. She does not give a word to people who could express different viewpoints. She is also very fast, thus superficial, in making decisions.

ldentify an aspect of your decision-making style that is most comfortable for you What impact does it have in your current position?	J.
Identify an aspect of your decision-making style that is least comfortable for you What impact does it have in your current position? What can you do to improve?	
what impact does it have in your current position: what can you do to improve:	



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Your Customer Service Style

There is no one best customer service style. However, successful customer service people have some things in common. They are confidently self-aware and comfortable with their strengths and development areas. Also, they are careful not to overuse their strengths to a point they become weaknesses.

Monica, below are a list of Customer Service Behavioral competencies. This is not a can or cannot do scale. The higher the number (items more to the right of the graph), the more comfortable you are with this sales behavior. The lower the number (items more to the left of graph) the more energy and concentration needed for this behavior.

	More	Ene	rgy/C	Conce	entrat	ion			Less	Ene	rgy
Brief, goal-oriented customer contacts:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Consistent, stable customer relations:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Creating a positive bond with the customer:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Positively handling negative feedback by customer:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Patiently listening to the customer:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making difficult people decisions quickly:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Having high degree of people orientation:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Guiding and assisting customer to find the product he/she needs:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Discussing and taking care of customer needs:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Finding out what the customer needs by asking questions:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Finding the details that are in error when handling customer complaints:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Follow-up and advising customers:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Goal-oriented customer motivation:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Guiding the customer through complicated matters:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Long-term customer relations fulfilling customer needs:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Maintaining customer relations to achieve results:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5



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Your Customer Service Style (continued)

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Monica Martin

Organization: Date:

FinxS 04.27.2016





Your Role in a Team Setting

Frequently, we have to work with others to achieve common goals. Teamwork can be enjoyable, yet challenging. By becoming more aware of how we tend to behave in team settings - and how others perceive us - will improve our performance.

Your attitude to teamwork:

- A means to get people's attention
- A way to get the group motivated
- A possibility to delegate boring routines away

Your role within a team:

- The one who gives a push to a conversation
- The one who introduces new thoughts
- The one who stops hesitation

How you motivate the team:

- Creates group enthusiasm
- Motivates by speaking
- Supports and encourages

How you perform in the team:

- Aims at simplicity
- Does not deliberate for long
- Applies own rules

How you benefit the team:

- The group is able to be renewed does not get stuck
- Group's atmosphere stays open
- Includes people



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FinxS 04.27.2016



How Your Team Members Perceive Your Style

All of us contribute different talents to the overall team performance. Listed below are how others in the team are likely to perceive you.

	Not L	ikely	to Ol	oserv	/e			Like	ly to	Obs	erve
Taking care of the team atmosphere (as a team member):	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Moving teammates toward the goal:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Lively team member who involves others:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Making the team work together toward the goal:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
People-focused and conscientious doer:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Introducer of a new perspective:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Participative and talkative doer:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Positive change agent, able to eliminate boredom:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Positive guide and advisor:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
Determined speeding up of others:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5

effective? Be specific.	е
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Improving Your Customer Service Success

Monica, below are a few suggestions on how to further improve your success in providing excellent customer service.

- Remember to proceed logically
- When you are learning something new, take notes
- Remember to ask if the customer wants more detailed information
- Beware of assuming that every client is the same
- Set aside time when you can review and update the customer database
- Recognize that client's perception of your organization may not be the same as yours
- Make sure the client understands the situation by covering every step

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How to Identify Others' Styles

Now that you have identified your own style, the next step is to identify the styles of others so that you may then make the most effective adjustments to yours. This is a skill that takes practice, but is easy to learn.

As you become more familiar with the DISC-styles, you will find some people are easy to identify. You will quickly think to yourself: "She is a D-style" or "He is an S-style." These individuals are predominantly one style and can be identified easily.

The rest of the people you encounter will take a little more effort. However, it is a simple, threestep process of identifying your prospect's style:

Step 1. Observe

Step 2. Assess

Step 3. Recognize

Step 1: Observe

When you meet someone, pay attention to traits such as:

- what the person talks about
- how they say it type of words (e.g. "I" vs. "We"), type of questions (e.g. "what?", "why?")
- body language
- tonality

You will discover that observing behaviors will become second nature. Soon you will observe behaviors without thinking.





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Step 2: Assess

Based on your observations, determine if the individual is more:

- Active
- Reserved

Task-orientation C D

People-orientation

Reserved

Reserved Individuals (S and C-styles):

Talk about present and past and how things are now

Speak with a calm and fairly quiet voice

Tend to have hesitant eye-contact

If the person is **Reserved**, they are either **S-style** or **C-style**.

If the person is **Active**, they are either **D-style** or **I-style**.

Active

Active Individuals (D and I-styles):

Maintain strong eye-contact

Talk about future and how things could be Speak with a fairly loud voice and inflection Demonstrate body language that is animated and assertive

If the individual is Active, he/she is either D-style or I-style.

- Talk about future and how things could be
- Speak with a fairly loud voice and inflection
- Demonstrate body language that is animated and assertive
- Maintain strong eye-contact

If the individual is Reserved, he/she is either S-style or C-style.

- Talk about present and past and how things are now
- Speak with a calm and fairly guiet voice
- Demonstrate body language that is limited
- Tend to have hesitant eye-contact



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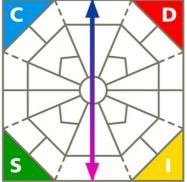


Next, determine if the individual is more:

- Task-oriented
- People-oriented

Next, determine if the person is more: Task-oriented or People-oriented

Task-orientation



Task-oriented Individuals (C and D-styles):

Talk and ask about things
Focus more on tasks than people
Do not show a lot of emotion

Active

Reserved
People-oriented
Individuals
(S and I-styles):

Talk and ask about people

Focus more on people than tasks

Show emotion fairly easily

People-orientation

If the person is **Task-oriented**, they are either **D-style** or **C-style**.

If the person is **People-oriented**, they are either **I-style** or **S-style**.

If the individual is Task-oriented, he/she is either D-style or C-style.

- Talks and asks about things
- Focuses more on tasks than people
- Does not show a lot of emotion

If the individual is People-oriented, he/she is either I-style or S-style.

- Talks and asks about people
- Focuses more on people than tasks
- · Shows emotion fairly easily



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Step 3: Recognize

Now you have the information needed to identify the person's style by combining the Active-Reserved and Task-People Orientation.

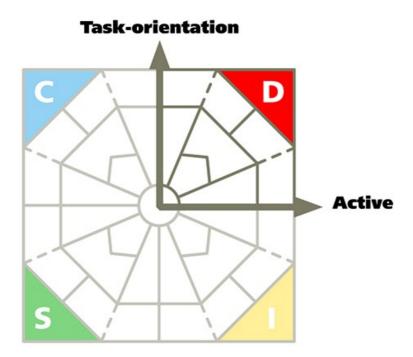
D-style = Active and Task-oriented

This is how to recognize D-styles.

Talks about: Goals, oneself, hard values (\$, revenue, profits) results, change.

How to identify D-styles:

- Is decisive
- Is assertive
- Very impatient
- May interrupt you
- Is direct, says what thinks
- "What's the bottom line?"
- Focuses on the big picture
- States own opinions as facts
- "How does this benefit ME?"
- Often appears to be in a hurry
- Makes decisions quickly, almost hastily
- May talk to many people at the same time
- May have difficulty understanding others' viewpoints/feelings





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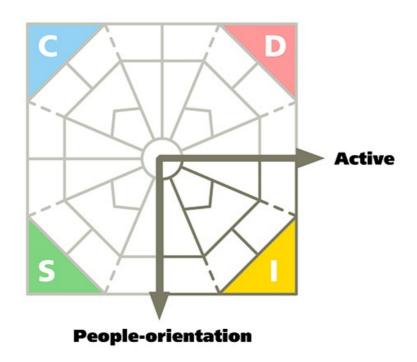
I-style = Active and People-oriented

This is how to recognize I-styles.

Talks about: People, team-spirit, good things, future, oneself

How to identify I-styles:

- Talks a lot
- Is animated
- Is open and friendly
- Appears unorganized
- Does not listen for long
- Stays away from hard facts
- Does not pay close attention
- Jumps from subject to subject
- Does not focus much on details





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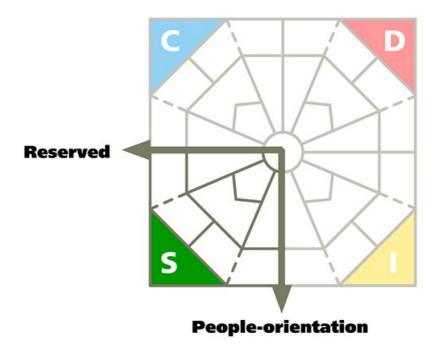
S-style = Reserved and People-oriented

This is how to recognize S-styles.

Talks about: Agreements, principles, past, proofs, one's team

How to identify S-styles:

- Is easy-going
- Appears calm
- · Listens carefully
- Appears thoughtful
- Nods and goes along
- "Let me think about it."
- Likes own physical space
- Does not get easily excited
- Ponders alternatives, slow in making decisions
- Asks questions and inquires about the specifics
- Seems have strong opinions but does not express them vocally
- Completely new ideas/things seem to make him/her uncomfortable





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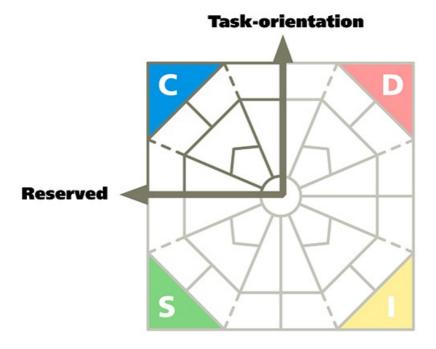
C-style = Reserved and Task-oriented

This is how to recognize C-styles.

Talks about: Facts, analyses, details, rules, instructions

How to identify C-styles:

- Is quiet
- Focuses on details
- · Proceeds cautiously
- Asks many questions
- Appears reserved and somewhat timid
- · Doesn't easily express disagreeing views
- May have done homework on your products/services
- Studies specifications and other information carefully
- Makes decision only after studying pertinent facts/issues
- May be very critical; criticism based on facts, not opinions





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D-styles

"I never worry about action, but only inaction."

- Winston Churchill

The D-style is the most aggressive and assertive of the four styles. D-styles tend to be quite competitive and results-oriented. As a result, you may identify D-styles as being quite aggressive, blunt and even rude. Under pressure they can appear to have a lack of concern for others. They do not want to lose control. D-styles want to be in charge and have the power.

D-styles prefer to move fast, take risks and get things done now. They like change and challenges. D-styles may also often want to create change.

D-styles can also be impatient and overbearing. They are often not very good listeners and are prone to make snap decisions.

Motto: I did it my way.

Focus: Actively controls tasks and things.

Under pressure - Lack of concern. This refers to D-styles' tendency to overlook how their actions and behaviors affect others.

Fear - Loss of control. This refers to D-styles' desire to be in charge. They do not want to give up control.

Favorite question: What? (What is the bottom line? What is in it for me?)

Communication Style:

- Often to only one direction he/she talks and expects others to listen
- Expresses own opinions as facts that need no further discussion
- May be blunt and challenges others
- Interrupts others often



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Monica, when communicating with a D-style, remember to:

- Show that you are strong but you also respect their strength
- Offer them other topics of discussion but let them decide what to talk about
- Create a friendship that they can control
- Be very logical
- Let them believe that they control the meeting
- · Let them decide who talks
- Focus on the topic in your product presentation

Monica, what not to do with D-style:

- Do not try to sweet talk them
- Do not be more friendly than they are
- Do not talk for too long let them control how much you talk
- Never offer them only one option let them decide
- Never try to be better than they are
- Do not have the last word
- Be careful not to be too personal unless they give you permission to be

Notes:			



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I-Styles

"Why fit in when you were born to stand out?"

- Dr. Seuss

I-styles are outgoing, social, and talkative, and like to be the center of attention. They like to interact with others and meet new people. They do not like to focus on details, or spend a lot of time by themselves. Others tend to perceive I-styles as very friendly, enthusiastic and animated.

I-styles are the influencing and interactive individuals who shake up their environment by bringing others into alliance with one another. They know what they want, align everyone together to get it done, and want everyone to like them as they move forward. Social acceptance is very important for I-styles – they like to be liked.

I-styles are talkative, sociable, optimistic and lively. They are people-oriented, spontaneous, energetic and enthusiastic. I-styles tend to be positive and good at influencing others.

I-styles can also be inattentive to details, overly talkative and emotional. They may over-promise because they are so optimistic and eager to be popular. Others may perceive I-styles as somewhat careless, impulsive and lacking follow-up.

Motto: "I am a nice person. Everyone should like me."

Focus: Actively involved with people and emotions.

Under pressure - Disorganized. I-styles have a tendency to focus so much on people that they may overlook details and tasks.

Fear - Social rejection. I-styles have a strong desire to be liked by others.

Favorite question: Who? (Who is going to be at the meeting? Who else is using this?)

Communication Style:

- Selling and inspiring
- Talks a lot, but not about details
- Avoids unpleasant subjects
- Good at providing positive, constructive feedback
- Not always direct



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Monica, when communicating with an I-style, remember to:

- Try to get them to talk
- Let them tell the best story
- Make sure that you are not pushy
- Show that you are also interested in the topic and are not just trying to sell
- Talk briefly and clearly, offering them more opportunities to talk
- Get to the point but do not talk for long
- Be prepared to listen a lot

Monica, what not to do with an I-style:

- Do not interrupt them if they get excited
- Do not control the discussion
- Do not get them enthusastic about something they will postpone later
- Do not progress faster than they are willing to
- Do not forget that having fun does not always equal to getting their business
- Do not talk when they would like to talk
- Do not let them drift to another topic

Notes:			



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S-Styles

"Nothing in this world can take the place of persistence. Talent will not; nothing is more common than unsuccessful people with talent. Genius will not; unrewarded genius is almost a proverb."

- Calvin Coolidge

S-styles are steady, calm and laid back. While they do like interaction with other people, they are more reserved and less animated than I-styles. S-styles prefer things to remain the same because changes and surprises threaten their sense of security. Family and friends tend to be very important to S-styles. They often defend their own group or team almost emotionally; fairness and justice are very important to S-styles.

S-styles are reliable and stable with an emphasis on cooperating with whoever is in charge to carry out the tasks. They say: "Tell me what, when and how you want it done and I'll be glad to do it." If you do not give me enough details, I won't get started because you might blame me if it gets done wrong."

Since S-styles prefer stability and security, they tend to resist change and need support with it. They want to know how the change will affect their lives. S-styles are also prone to be hesitant in their actions and decision-making. This is primarily caused by their desire to consider others and for everyone to get along.

Motto: If it's not broken, let's not fix it.

Focus: Involved with familiar people.

Under pressure - Too willing. S-styles' have a tendency to be accommodating and polite. Often they say "yes" too easily.

Fear - Loss of stability. S-styles have a desire to have a stable and secure environment. Change can be challenging for S-styles.

Favorite Question: How? (How are we going to do this? How does this impact us?)

Communication Style:

- Often only to one direction, he/she listens
- Answers when asked
- Talks calmly
- Creates trust
- Talks about topics he/she masters
- Better in one-to-one situations
- Good instructor



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Monica, when communicating with an S-style, remember to:

- Use a modest tone of voice
- Provide an overview of what you are going to say before you begin
- Listen carefully to what they say
- Demonstrate that you are honestly trying to help them
- Progress step-by-step
- Do not patronize them even if they let you to
- · Provide them with all of the facts they need

Monica, what not to do with an S-style:

- Do not force them to talk before they are ready
- Do not forget to cover every issue
- Do not brag too much
- Do not forget what you have promised
- Do not assume that they like you when they are polite to you
- Make sure that you are not cursory about anything
- Do not forget what they have said

notes:			



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C-Styles

"I have no special talent. I am only passionately curious."

- Albert Einstein

C-styles are the most analytical of the four behavioral styles. C-styles can be very detail-oriented, focusing on facts, information and proofs. They are comfortable working alone and are the most reserved of the four styles. C-styles are logical and methodical in their approach.

C-styles are cautious and compliant to their own high standards. Their emphasis is to work with the existing circumstances to ensure the quality of the product or service. C-styles make sure that everything works the way it should.

C-styles are sometimes too critical of others. They expect everyone to follow their standards. Their attention to detail and correctness can be perceived as nit-picky by others. C-styles' desire to do things correctly can also slow down their decision-making. They can over-analyze issues and need a lot of information.

Motto: "If we do not have time to do it right, do we have time to do it over again?" As a result, C-styles are good in ensuring quality control.

Focus: Analyzes tasks and things.

Under pressure - Overly critical. C-styles have a tendency to be so focused on the details that they often find mistakes and errors. The other styles may find C-styles too critical.

Fear - Criticism of work. C-styles want to be correct and to produce high-quality work. They do not want to make mistakes.

Favorite question: Why? (Why does is work this way? Why should we do it?)

Communication Style:

- Better in written communication
- Doesn't express disagreeing views
- Includes a lot of facts and details
- May miss the big picture
- Doesn't talk about opinions or abstract matters
- Extremely diplomatic



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Monica, when communicating with a C-style, remember to:

- Set aside time proving the quality of your product/service
- Provide them with more facts than they have asked for
- If you require anything from them, state it well in advance
- Be prepared to present all possible details but do not do it before they ask for them
- Cover one topic at a time and do not skip anything too guickly
- Maintain the distance they want to keep
- Make them feel that you are an expert in your topic

Monica, what not to do with a C-style:

- Never allow them to think your product is anything but of the highest quality
- Do not forget to cover the available support and guarantees
- Do not get caught giving inaccurate information
- Avoid trying to take them into situations they would consider silly and professionally not challenging
- Do not forget to ask what they consider important
- Do not ask for a deal before all other options are opted out
- Never lose your professional touch

Notes:			



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Personal Action Plan: Your Next Steps

Experience has shown that creating a concise, simple and specific action plan is the best way to improve performance. To do so, create your "Top 3" lists to help you become more successful.

My Top 3 Start and Stop List:

Based on what you have learned, discovered and realized through this report, list three importan items that you will START doing:
1
2
3
Based on what you have learned, discovered and realized through this report, list three importan items that you will STOP doing:
1
2



